



Registration No. 1996/009045/07

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Tel: + 27 (0) 31 700 4510, Fax: + 27 (0) 31 700 3165, E-mail: srt@bn@mweb.co.za**TEST REPORT****REPORT NO: E 8723**

2009-06-12

Much Asphalt (Pty) Ltd
P.O.Box 15287
Bellair 4006Attention: Mr. Timothy Gradwell

Dear Sir,

Warm Asphalt Trials Leicester Road

With reference to the samples submitted for testing.

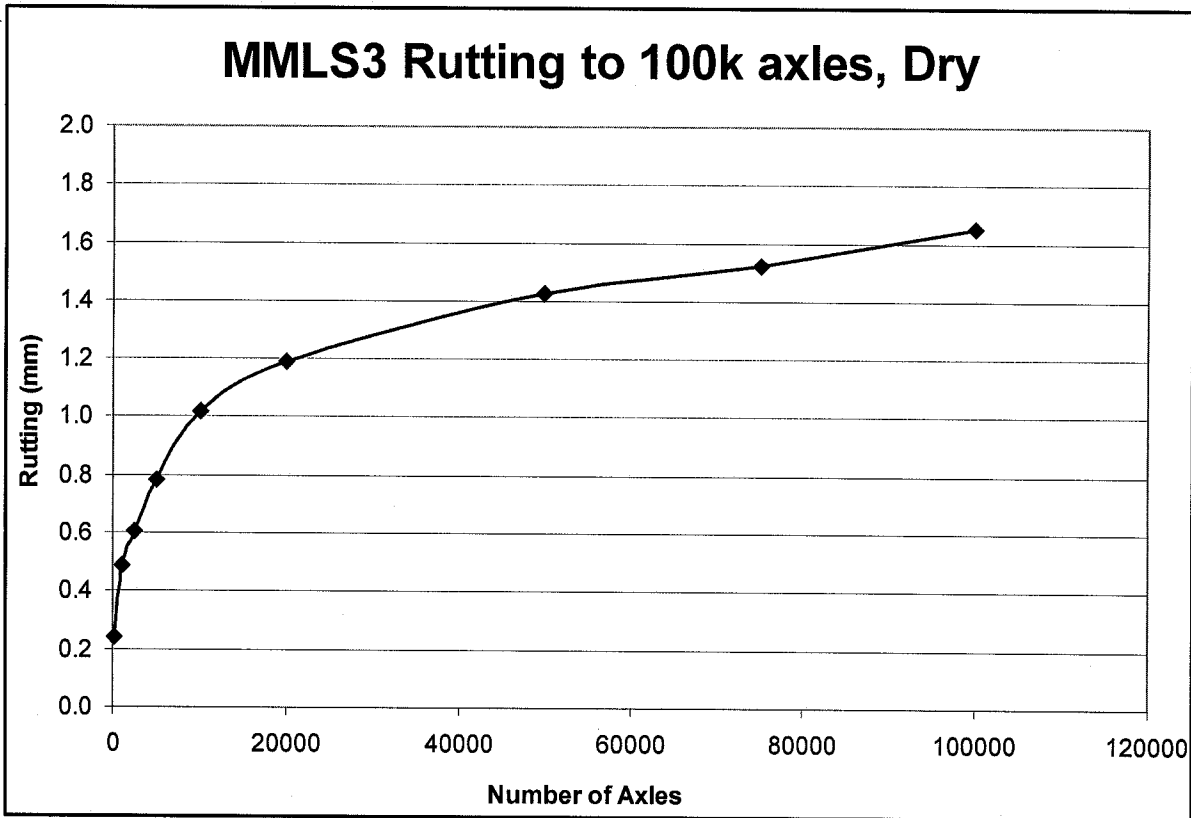
Date Received :	2009-05-27
Date Tested :	2009-05-29 to 2009-06-12
Material Description :	1 x ± 150 kg asphalt sample 15 x ± 100 mm dia asphalt briquettes 1 x 5 liter 40/50 + 1.5% Sasobit modified binder 1 x Hotbox
Order Number	-
Deviation/Irregularity from test method:	N/A
Subcontracted to (*) as indicated :	N/A
Total number of pages :	6
Tests carried out :	Test Methods:
MMLS3 Wheel tracking	MMLS3 @ 50 ± 2°C, 7200 load repetitions per hour, wheel pressure 700 kPa, 2.7 kN wheel load, with no lateral wander. Briquettes were cut to a width of 105 mm. Transverse rut measurement were taken at 3 mm intervals. The tests were done dry. Briquettes were compacted at 150 mm diameter on a Troxler SGC to 7 ± 1% void content.
Air Permeability	TRH8 Appendix C
Modified Lottmann Test	ASTM D4687
Dynamic Creep Modulus	40°C, 100 kPa, 0.5Hz, Square wave, 1s loading 1s rest, 30 – 3600 pulses
Resilient Modulus	NAT, 25°C, 5µm hor. deformation, 120 ms rise-time 0.4 mm assumed Poisson's ratio.
Modified Lottmann Test	ASTM D4867
Gyratory Compaction	Troxler Superpave Gyratory Compactor, 145°C, 1.25° Angle of gyration, 600 kPa loading, 30 gyr/min
Extraction, Bitumen Recovery and Penetration	TMH1 C7b, Din 1996, ASTM D5
Softening Point (R&B) (Recovered)	TMH1 C7b, Din 1996, ASTM D36
SANS 307	ASTM D5, D36, D2872, D4402 SRT TMA 1.

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The results of the MMLS testing are as follows:

Laboratory Number	B5922
Sample Number	P2618
Mix Identification	S
Mix Type/Layer	Type D, 10% RA, 1% Lime
Binder Type	40/50 +1.5% Sasobit
MMLS3 Data	
Average Voids of Cores (%)	7.1
Average Rut depth after 100 k repetitions (μ) (mm)	1.65
Standard Deviation (σ) (mm)	0.155
COV (%)	9.4
$\mu + 2\sigma$ (95% Probability level) (mm)	2.0

A graphical representation of the rut resistance of the mix is as follows:



The above graph was drawn from the following data:

Number of Axles	100	1000	2500	5000	10000	20000	50000	75000	100000
Rut Depth (mm)	0.24	0.49	0.61	0.79	1.02	1.19	1.43	1.52	1.65

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The individual briquette data are as follows:

Test Position	0200	0300	0400	0500	0600	0700	0800	Average
Briquette Number	7	2	8	5	9	10	6	
Briquette Height (mm)	60							
BRD	2.301	2.301	2.298	2.305	2.303	2.299	2.298	
TMRD	2.477							
Void Content (%)	7.1	7.1	7.2	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.1
Rut Depth (mm)	1.71	1.53	1.73	1.71	1.76	1.34	1.75	1.65

We can refer you to the interim guidelines presented by Professor Hugo at the November 2009 RPF held in Pretoria for an interpretation of the results. A copy can be forwarded to you if required.

The results of the rest of the tests on asphalt, performed by SRT are as follows:

Laboratory Number	B5922		
Sample Number	P2618		
Date Sampled	2009-05-26		
Mix Type	Type D, 1% Hydrated Lime, 10% RA		
Binder Grade	40/50 + 1.5% Sasobit		
Moisture Content (%)	0.18		
Modified Lottmann Test (TSR)	0.98		
Air Permeability @ 7% Voids ($\times 10^{-8} \text{cm}^2$)	0.44		
Dynamic Creep Modulus (MPa)	35.1	26.8	25.7
Average	29.2		
Voids after 300 Gyration @ 125°C (%)	2.5		
Resilient Modulus (MPa)	3479	4165	3516
Average	3720		
Recovered Penetration (d.mm)	33		
Recovered Softening Point (R&B) (°C)	55.3		

The results of the tests on the bitumen sample are as follows:

Laboratory Number	B5923	Specification
Sample Number	Bit 62	SANS 307
Date Sampled	2009-05-27	
Binder Grade	40/50 +1.5% Sasobit	40/50
Tests Before RTFOT		
Penetration (d.mm)	43	40 - 50
Softening Point (R&B) (°C)	51.4	49 - 59
Dynamic Viscosity @ 60°C (Pa.s)	570.8	220 - 400
Dynamic Viscosity @ 135°C (Pa.s)	0.391	0.27 - 0.65
Spot Test	40*	30 Max
Tests After RTFOT		
Mass Change (%)	-0.019	0.3 Max
Retained Penetration (%)	65.1	60 Min
Softening Point (R&B) (°C)	56.3	52 Min
Difference in Softening Point (R&B) (°C)	4.9	7 Max
Dynamic Viscosity @ 60°C (% of Original)	253.0	300 Max

* The presence of the wax causes a false ring, hence the result should be ignored.

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Attached, please find an "Air Permeability at 7% Voids Report", as well as a "Gyratory Compaction Graph"

We wish to thank you for your valued support and if you require any further information please feel free to contact us.

Yours faithfully



C.H. Loots
Branch Manager

Everything possible is done to ensure that tests are representative and are performed accurately, and that reports and conclusions are quoted correctly. SRT or its officials can in no way be held liable for consequential damage or loss due to any error made in carrying out the tests, nor for any erroneous statement or opinion contained in a report based on such tests. If a test report is published or reproduced by the client, it will be done in full, without any omission. This report relates only to the samples received. If the report is referred to as an INTERIM REPORT it is not fit for publication.

SPECIALISED ROAD TECHNOLOGIES

GYRATORY COMPACTION GRAPH

Client : Much Asphalt (Pty) Ltd.

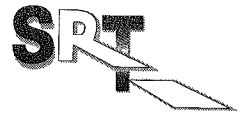
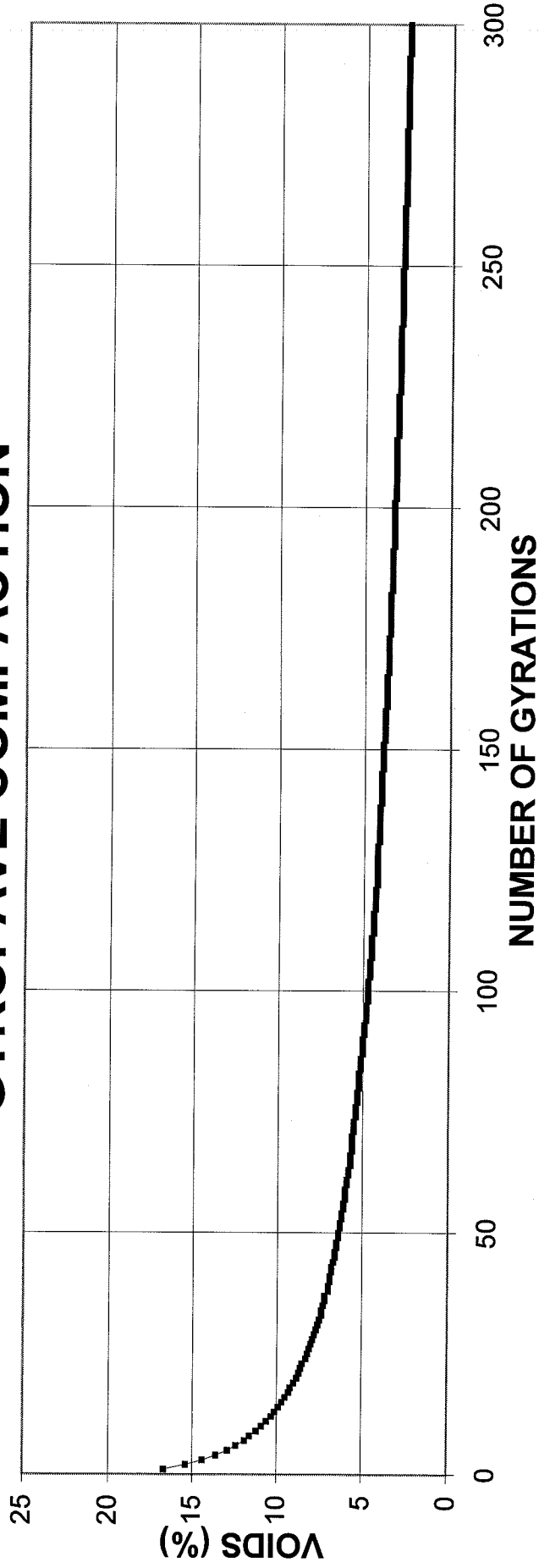
Report Number : E8723

Project : Warm Mix Trials - Leicester Road

Date : 2009-06-12

Laboratory Number	B5922	Voids after 300 gyrations	(%)	2.5
Sample Number	P2618	Compaction after 300 gyrations	(%)	97.5
Mix Type / Content (%)	Type D + 10% RA	Compaction Temp.	(°C)	125
Binder Type	40/50 + Sasobit	BRD after 300 Gyrations		2.415
Gyratory Number	G145	TMRD		2.477

GYROPAVE COMPACTION



For SRT: *[Signature]*
Branch Manager

SPECIALISED ROAD TECHNOLOGIES

Air Permeability @ 7% Voids Report

Client : Much Asphalt (Pty) Ltd.

Report No.: E8723

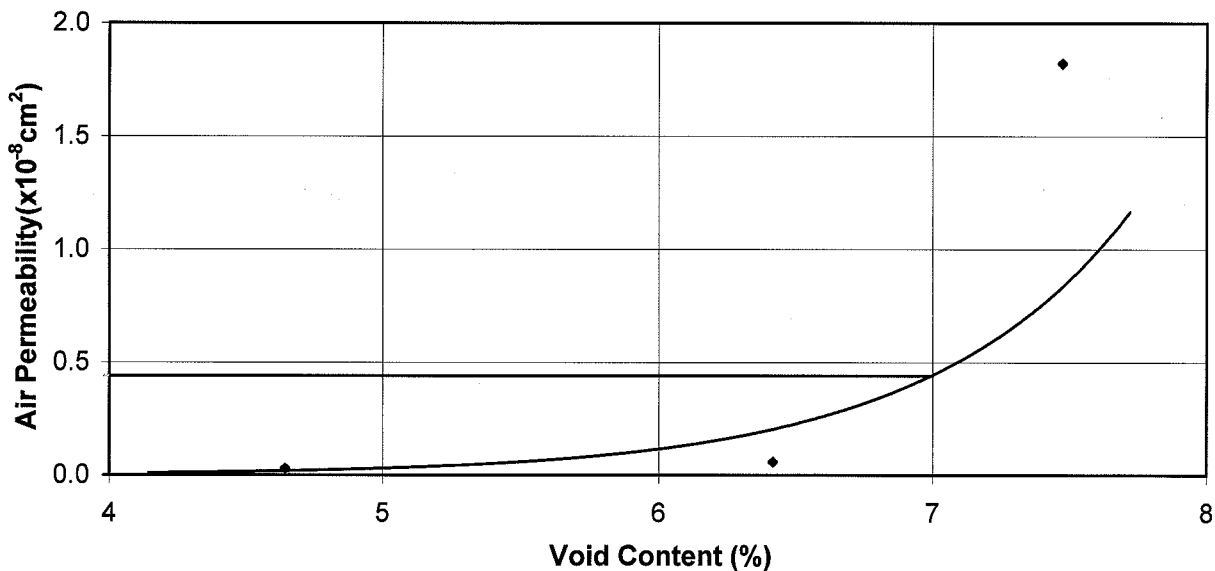
Project : Warm Mix Trials-Leicester Road

Date : 2009-06-12

Lab. Number	Sample Number	Mix Type	Specimen Number	BRD	TMRD (Rice's)	Voids (%)	Air Permeability ($\times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}^2$)
B5924	P2618	Type "D"	35	2.292	2.477	7.5	1.822
		1% Lime+10% RA	55	2.318		6.4	0.059
		40/50+1.5% Sasobit	75	2.362		4.6	< 0.030

Result @ 7% Voids : 0.440 ($\times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}^2$)

Air Permeability vs Voids



Comment: An exponential fit was used.

For SRT:

Branch Manager